Leave the Malvern Theatres through the large glass doors at the back. Walk down the steps in front of you. You are now in Priory Park or as it was once known as the Winter Gardens. Walk towards the band stand.

Count the sides on the band stand, how many does it have?



Did you know it is an octagonal building?

The bandstand was built around 1875 and was used for bands to play their music. Every summer the bandstand is still used, on weekends different bands play supported by Malvern Town Council.

Take the path on the left hand side of the bandstand. Cross over the wooden bridge. If you look carefully you will see some really large fish and many different types of birds. How many can you see?

This pond or small lake was originally the fishing lake for the monks working at Great Malvern Priory before becoming an ornamental lake. Can you see the steps leading down to the lake? For many years this was a boating lake, where people could hire a boat and paddle around the lake.

Re-arrange the letters for the name of the lake.

naws olop klea

From the wooden bridge you will see Malvern Splash Leisure Centre directly in front of you, take the path on your left and walk straight ahead, then turn right keeping the leisure centre on your right hand side.

The large gothic style building on your left was once owned by the Speer family, it then became a school, when it was used as a school they had an outdoor pool built, where Malvern Splash Leisure Centre is today. The building is now used for the Malvern Hills District Council Offices.

Turn right and walk down the steps. You will see the entrance of the leisure centre. Turn left, walk through the black metal gates. Turn right and walk along the road until you see a narrow path on your right with a white sign with Priory Park Malvern on it. Walk up the path. You will see a green plaque on the cottage.

What was under the cottage?

Continue walking up the steps, it will bring you back to Swan Pool Lake.

Turn left and follow the path around the lake and turn right before the children's playground. Enter the children's playground and have a play!

Rate your play (:



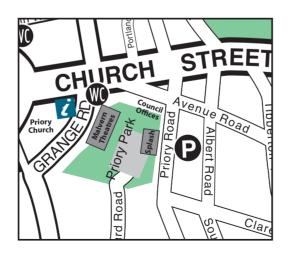


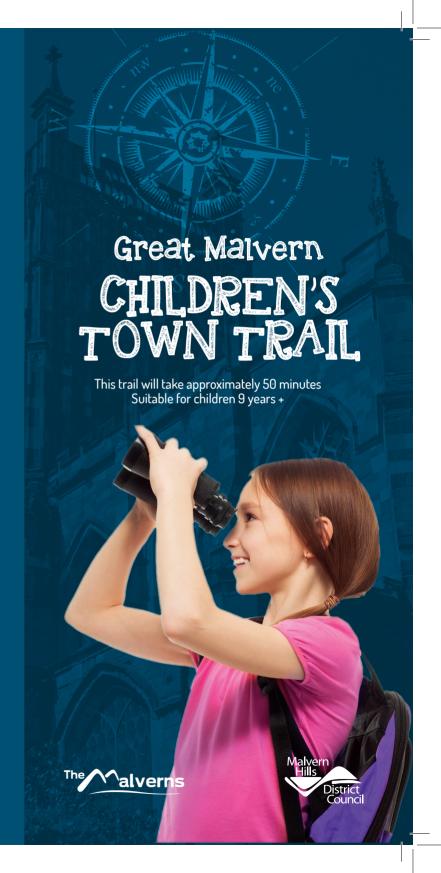


From the children's playground turn left and keep on this path, proceed up the hill. By the green gate stay inside the park and carry on walking up hill, follow the route to the hills sign in the path. You will now be back on Grange Road, with the Malvern Theatres on your right and Great Malvern Priory directly in front of you. Cross over the road, turn left by the Iron fretwork and walk up the path towards the Priory. Take the path on the right hand side past the gas lamp on your right, stay on the path. The Lyttelton rooms will be on your right. Turn right past the Lyttelton rooms and return to the Tourist Information Centre for your Prize!



You're a Malvern Super Sleuth! Well Done





Start by standing outside the Malvern Tourist Information Centre...

Rooms and were once	d the well are know as The Lyttelton used first as a Sunday school and then built for the Parish of Malvern by Lady
Lyttelton in 1817.	
Come out of the court Lyttelton rooms on yo	yard and turn left up the steps with the ur left.
What is the date	on the clock tower above you?
Turn left and you will l	oe in the Priory Churchyard.
Malvern is famous for gas lamps still working	its working gas lamps. It has over 80 g today.
How many can yo churchyard?	u find within the
Standing with your ba the grave of Charles D	ck to the Lyttelton rooms. Can you find larwin's daughter?
What was her na	ne?
A	D
the water cure becau	tht his daughter to Malvern in 1851 to tak se she was very poorly and he thought i er. She later died likely of TB.
How many monks	lived and worked

Great Malvern Priory was built in 1085AD and a monastery it became. The Priory was built on land which belonged to Westminster Abbey so that is why it was called a Priory. With the dissolution of all the monasteries in 1530's by King Henry VIII the Priory was saved by the local towns people as their own tiny Parish Church (which stood where the Malvern Post Office is now) lay derelict.

Did you know the local towns people only paid £20 for The Priory!

Standing with your back to the main entrance to the Priory walk up the steps in front of you. Follow the path with the standing cross on your right. Turn left, walk past the row of shops. Walk up the steps next to Abbey Road Coffee House. If you look to your right you will see the Post Office where the Parish Church once stood.

Cross over the road (Abbey Road) on to Belle Vue Island and walk up the steps.*To avoid steps turn right and cross over by the Post Office.

What is the name of the Water Fountain?

M

This fountain is one of many natural spouts and wells that can be found in the Malverns.

Who else can you find on Belle Vue Island standing by the Enigma fountain?

Sir E

E

(Clue: A well known composer)

Retrace your steps back to Abbey Road Coffee House, continue walking down Abbey Road with the coffee house on your left. At the end of this road you will see a large medieval building, walk towards the building.

What is it used for today?

M

This was once the Medieval Gatehouse for the monastery and the Monks working at the Priory. This gatehouse is very old C1480, there would have been large wooden gates attached to the building. Can you see where the gates would have been hung? These gates allowed people and traded goods to enter and leave the monastery whilst protecting the Monks from attack.

Walk through the large archway. Can you find the priest hole? This was called 'The Porter's Squint' it was used to check who was at the gate.

Continue walking on Abbey Road past the Abbey Hotel on the left. There is a blue plaque on the hotel.

Who stayed there?

H

S

(Clue: The Emperor of Ethiopia spent time here whilst in exile.)

Continue walking down Abbey Road until you get to the junction, turn left onto Grange Road and follow the footpath, then cross over the road towards the parking bays. Walk along Grange Road with the Priory on your left hand side. Walk towards the white buildings on your right. You are now standing outside the Malvern Theatres.

When was the Malvern Festival held?

(Clue: Look on the blue plaque.)

Go through the glass doors at the front of the building. Malvern Theatres or Assembly Rooms as they were once called are where Victorian tourists and locals gathered to socialise. Dr Henry Jacob believed they should belong to the town and people of Malvern, he campaigned throughout his life for this to happen and it did in 1927.

Can you find the bronze fountain created by Richard Goulden in memory of Dr Henry Jacob?

Name three other items that are on display.

W	C	
(Clue: It tells the time)		
J	L	
(Clue: Singer who sang like a nightingale)		
Sir <u>E</u>	<u>E</u>	

(Clue: A well known composer)

Please turn over...